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Explore the world of the Korean language with our comprehensive "TOPIK Vocabulary for Beginners" series. This blog offers a unique learning experience with a set of YouTube videos, each presenting 25 essential Korean words. Accompanying these videos, we provide downloadable PDFs, making it easier to practice and master the vocabulary. Whether you're a beginner or looking to reinforce your skills, these resources are designed to enhance your Korean vocabulary effectively. 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Whether you are a beginner, intermediate of advanced level learner of Korean language, you should learn these Korean words first. The list contains the most basic and useful Korean vocabulary from every category like Korean verbs, Korean Adjectives, Korean Adverbs and theme based Korean vocabulary like words related to school life, transportation, time, household stuff, days of the week, names of months and so on. These words are very important for the TOPIK test as well.20 Most Common Korean AdjectivesGoodjoayoBadnappayoBigkeoyoSmalljagayoLonggireoyoShortchalbayoExpensivebissayoCheapssayoBusy bappayoDeliciousmasisseoyoDifficulteoryeowoyoEasysuiwoyoFarmeoreoyoNear가까gakkawoyoCleankaekkeuthaeyoDirtydeoreoeoyoBeautifulyeppeoyoKindchinjeorhaeyoQuietjoyonghaeyoInterestingjaemiisseoyo20 Most Common Korean VerbsTo Go가다gadaTo ComeodaTo EatmeokdaTo DrinkmasidaTo Wake upireonadaTo SleepjadaTo Workir-hadaTo Talk iyagi-hadaTo ListendeuttaTo Speakmar-hadaTo MeetmannadaTo Singnorae-hadaTo DancechumchhudaTo See, WatchbodaTo Likejoa-hadaTo Lovesarang-hadaTo DislikesireO-hadaTo ReadikdaTo WriteseudaTo Studygongbu-hadaTransportation Related Korean Vocabulary VehiclejadongchaTaxitaeksiBus beoseuMetro jihacheolTraingichaAirplane bihaengiRide, TaketadaChange garatadaTo Get offnaeridaStop, Standjeongnyujang StationyeokAirportgonghangTicket pyoFareyogeumRoad,StreetgilTrafficgyothongDepartchulbal-hadaArrivedochak-hadaNature Related Korean Vocabulary RainbisnownunFogangaeLightningbeongaeRainbowmujigaeWindbaramTyphoontaepungSunlight haeppitMoonlightdalbitDays of the Week in Korean MondayWoryo-ilTuesdayHwayo-ilWednesdaySuyo-ilThursdayMogyo-ilFridayGumyo-ilSaturdayDoyo-ilSundayIryo-ilNames of Months in Korean Januaryir-wolFebruaryi-wolMarchsam-wolAprilsa-wolMayo-wolJuneyu-wolJulychir-wolAugustpar-wolSeptembergu-wolOctobershi-wolNovembershib-irwolDecembership-i-wolTime Related Korean Vocabulary Yesterday eojeTodayoneulTomorrownaeilDay after tmrwmoreWeekdaypyeongilWeekendjumalEverydaymaeilEvery weekmaejuEvery monthmaedalEvery yearmaenyeonNow jigeumThese days yojeumRecently chwegeuneAlways hangsangOften jajuSometimes 가끔gakkeumA while ago akkaA little later 가끔ittagaLater najungeLast WeekChinan-chuThis Weekibeon-chuNext Weekthaeum-chuLast MonthChinan -dalThis Monthibeon-dalNext Monththaeum-dalLast Yearchang-nyeonThis YearorhaeNext Yearnae-nyeonMost Common Korean Sentence Connectors AndgeurigoButgeureondeThereforegeuraeseoIn that casegeureomyeonThat's whygeureonikkaEven thengeuraedoBecausewaenyahamyeonOr, Otherwiseanimyeon For Exampleyereul deureoBody Parts in Korean Language AbdomenbaeAnklebalmokArmpalBackdeungBody/sinche/momBreast, Chest가슴gaseumButtockseongdeongiCheekppyamChinteogDimplebojogaeEargwiEyenunEyebrownunsseopEyelidnunkkeopulFace eolgulFinger가락songarakFingernailsontopFistjumeokFootbalForeheadimaGumitmomHairmeorikaragHandsonHeadmeoriIndex FingergeomjiKneemureupLegdariLipsipsulMouthipNavelbaekkopNeckmokNosekoPalm (Hand)sonbadakShoulderekkaeSkinpibuThighheobeokjiThumbeomjiToe가락balgarakToe nailbaltopTonguehyeoTooth, I, ippalWaist heoriWristsonmokMost Common Korean Adverbs Specifically, Concretelyguche-jeogeuroActively, Positivelyjokkkeuk-jeogeuroPractically, In Realitysilje-jeogeuroPersonally, Individuallygaein-jeogeuroFormally, Officiallygongsik-jeogeuroBasically, Fundamentallygibon-jeogeuroIntentionallyuido-jeogeuroPsychologicallysimni-jeogeuro Slowly cheoncheonhi Diligently yeohshimhi Honestly soljikhiBy ChanceuyeonhiIn DetailjasehiEspecially deukpyeorhiCertainlyhwakshirhiSimplygandanhiCarefullyjoshimhiMedical or Hospital related Korean Vocabulary DoctoruisaNurseganhosaInjectionjusaPharmacistyaksaMedicineyakCancerAamCoughgichimFludokgamVomitinggutoParalysis mabiToothachechitongConstipationbyeonbiRunny NosekonmulFeveryeolPregnancyimsinChildbirthchulsanAbortionnaktaeOperationsusulHospitalizationibwonHospital DischargetoewonDiabetesdangnyoHigh Blood PressuregohyeorapLow Blood PressurejeohyeorapMalnutritionyeongyangsiljoDeathsamangSicknessbyeongPrescription cheobangConsultation RoomjillyosilEmergency RoomeunggeupsilCommon ColdgamgiTo Have Pain apayoPain In Body PartBody part Body part apayoWe are regularly adding more useful words to this list. Do you know the Korean words that will get you speaking the fastest? Learn this basic Korean vocabulary, and you'll be having conversations sooner than you think! We have a downloadable PDF resource that contains the 100 basic Korean terms that are used in everyday life in South Korea. The PDF also has a worksheet you can use to practice the words in the list. Download the resource here and use it to study the vocabulary: Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF In this article, we'll cover more of the basic vocabulary that is commonly used in the language. Easy Korean Words These are words that you can easily learn and remember. You may hear these terms in Korean dramas, movies, variety shows, or live broadcasts of your favorite K-pop group. Below are a few easy Korean terms you can start learning: Korean WordMeaning (ye)yes (aniyo)no (uri)we (oneul)today (eoje)yesterday (naeil)tomorrow (bam)night/evening (achim)morning (wae)why (eonje)when Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! Korean Words for Beginners The words in Korean for beginners like you are words you can easily learn as they are often used in Korean dramas, movies, and other entertainment channels. These are essential Korean words as they are often used in daily conversations. Here's a list of Korean language vocabulary for beginners: KoreanMeaning (annyeonghaseyo)Hello (kamsahamnida)Thank you (cheonmaneyo)You're welcome (jamsimanyo)Excuse me (gwaenchanayo)Okay (joesonghamnida)I'm sorry (juseyo) Please give me (mollayo)I don't know (arayo)I know (ihaehaeyo)I understand (joayo)Good (an joayo)Not good Food Vocabulary in Korean If you're planning on learning the Korean language, then you're definitely going to want to know some basic Korean food vocabulary. With lots of tasty options and a huge variety, you'll be happy you did! Korean food plays a big part in Korean culture. Learning this simple vocabulary in Korean will be helpful as you learn Korean and South Korean culture. It'll be easy for you to talk about food in your everyday life in South Korea if you learn these basic Korean words. Below are the basic words related to food. Here are a few notes related to these Korean food words: If you want to order or ask for any of these items, add the phrase (ju-se-yo) to any of these Korean terms. This is one of the most helpful phrases in the language. It means "Please give me." If you need to ask for water at a restaurant, a good phrase to say is (mul jom ju-se-yo). The word (bap) means "rice," so you can use it for that exact meaning. It's also used to reference food in general, as in a meal. One of the most common phrases you'll hear in Korea is " ?" (bap meogeosseoyo | Did you eat?). In this case, the (bap) means "food," not specifically rice. This is a great phrase to use when you meet your friends and want to use your language skills to ask about food plans. To order a beer, you can say (maekju han byeong ju-se-yo), which means "Please give me 1 bottle of beer" in English. This is a really useful phrase when you meet with friends and want to order some drinks. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Korean Family & Relationship Words These are fantastic Korean family words to learn to help you understand everyday conversations. You'll definitely need these if you're going to meet and talk to Koreans in their language! You'll also hear Koreans say them often in K-Dramas and K-Pop lyrics. Get to recognize them in your favorite Korean shows and movies–or just listen for them in regular conversations. They're sure to show up, and you'll be one step closer to understanding the Korean language! Here are a few useful notes about Korean family and relationship words: You might hear the Korean phrase (uri nampyeon | our husband). While the direct English language translation is "our husband," it actually means "my husband." The word (uri | we, our) is used quite commonly to talk about things that belong to the whole group, such as the phrases (uri nara | our country), (uri jip | our house), and (uri anae | our wife). Another commonly used Korean vocabulary word for "wife" is (buin). You can use the two interchangeably. The word (chingu) means "friend," but only same-age friends. If someone you know is a different age, then you would want to use the correct title. 가 (gajok) means "family." This Korean term will come up often in the language, so it is best to make sure you know how to talk about your family in Korean. You can use the word (appa), which is similar to the English word "dad." You can also use the slightly more respectful/formal version (abeoji), which is similar to saying "father." You can use the word (eomma) for "mom" or (eomeoni) for "mother." Both are commonly used terms in the language. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Korean Time Words Korea is an organized and fast-paced country, and we're here to keep you on schedule! Use these Korean time words to talk about common events and when they happen. After learning the words below, you can up your time game by learning the Korean numbers and start telling time in Korean. Having these two skills are very useful for learning the Korean language. Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! Korean Verbs Did you know that you can make a sentence in Korean with just a single verb? It's one of the great things about the simplicity of the Korean language! Learn these common verbs in Korean first, and have conversations in Korean in no time. Here are the common Korean verbs that'll help you speak Korean in daily conversations. Once you know these Korean verbs, you can continue to make good progress in the language with Korean grammar and Korean particles. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Korean Adjectives Korean adjectives help you a lot with your language learning as they enable you to describe objects, events, places, or feelings. As you're starting out with your Korean language learning, you don't need to know all of them. You just need to know the most common Korean terms. Here are the top adjectives in Korean commonly used in everyday life. You will surely hear these as you learn the Korean language, so it's good to add them to your vocabulary stack and get some practice with them. Korean Adverbs Another set of basic Korean words for everyday life you need to know when you learn Korean is adverbs. These are words that will be helpful as you are speaking Korean. They'll enable you to describe verbs and adjectives that'll make you sound more like a native. There are many adverbs in the Korean language, but we'll list a few of the most common ones here. Below are some of the basic Korean adverbs. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Beautiful Korean Words These are made up of words that are natively Korean. There are a lot of words in the Korean language that have Chinese origins. These words that have Chinese origins are often referred to as "loan words." But in the section below, you'll learn about a few of the many beautiful Korean terms which are natively Korean. Korean WordMeaning (haneul)sky (bi)rain (goyangi)cat (gangaji)puppy (saram)person (baram)wind (maeum)mind/heart 가 (garam)river (bada)ocean (mireu)dragon (nareusha)to fly (narae)wing (nuri)world (nara)nation Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF As you discover how to learn Korean vocabulary, you'll know that there are words in the language that don't have a direct English translation. There might be words in English that can be used to explain them, but they don't necessarily give the exact meaning. You might be surprised to know about them as you've already might have heard them from Korean dramas, movies, or even from your favorite K-pop idols. (nunchi) This word is translated as "sense" or "wits" in English. However, this word is more than just sense and wits. It's one's ability to read, feel, and understand people or situations without the need to hear what it is verbally. A person who has (nunchi) is able to react, do, or say something simply by observing. This word is where the expressions 가 (nunchiga eopda) and 가 (nunchiga ppareuda) are based on. 가 (nunchiga eopda) is used for someone who doesn't know how to weigh or understand situations. Thus making them unable to respond, react or act accordingly. 가 (nunchiga ppareuda) is its opposite, as it is used for a person who's quick to see things through. They easily understand people and situations. (jeong) (jeong) is a word that can talk about affection, attachment, and feelings of connection. When Koreans use this word, they're usually referring to the invisible bond that exists in Korean society. Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! (hyo) This is a word that can be defined as "filial duty." This can be used to talk about one's devotion to one's parents in taking care of them and taking responsibility for them until their old age. (naesung) is used to describe a person who is not real or in other words fake. This can be used for a person who hides their real identity or color. (aegyo) There's no exact one English word that can directly express the meaning of (aegyo). However, it may be defined as "acting cute" or "being lovely." (ondol) This word literally means "heated rock." However, in practice, this word is used to refer to the Korean floor heating system. (dapdapae) or (dapdapada) These 2 expressions are translated as "stuffy" or "suffocating." However, these 2 words, when in use, can have a meaning other than "stuffy" or "suffocating." In usage, or are used when someone feels "frustrated." It can also be used when you get impatient or feel irritated at someone's slowness or narrow point of view. (eomchina) This word is a combination of 3 Korean words, which are (eomma), (chingu), and (adeul). These words combined mean "son of one's mother's friend." However, this isn't exactly what (eomchina) means. (eomchina) is used to describe someone, particularly a man who is close to perfection or someone who comes from or has a good background. He could be someone better than you. For example, a man who is very talented, smart, handsome, and has a good educational background can be described as (eomchina). The word used to describe women like this is (eomchinttal). (eoieopda) This word can express one's disbelief in an event or news. It may also be used when you're left speechless or have nothing to say or comment about because of an out-of-the-ordinary event. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF 25 Untranslatable Korean Words You'll Want to Know Some Korean words go beyond direct translation—they reflect cultural values, feelings, and everyday expressions that are hard to explain in English. This short video highlights 25 such words, including (jeong), (han), (nunchi), and (aegyo) that we mentioned above. These Korean Words DON'T EXIST in English (With Examples!) Basic Grammar Terms in Korean Let's take a quick detour into some useful Korean terms that describe parts of speech—like how to say "noun," "verb," and "word" itself in Korean. "Words" in Korean Korean words are called (daneo). The word for vocabulary in Korean is (eohwi) or (yongeo). There are special words in the Korean language for different types of vocabulary. "Nouns" in Korean The word (myeongsa) is used to talk about nouns in Korean. The different types of nouns are called (botong myeongsa), (goyu myeongsa), and 가 (bulgasan myeongsa). The Korean phrases (botong myeongsa), (goyu myeongsa), and 가 (bulgasan myeongsa) are used for common nouns, proper nouns, and uncountable nouns, respectively. "Verbs" in Korean (dongsa) is the word for verbs in Korean. The Korean phrases for regular and irregular verbs are (gyuchik dongsa) and (bulgyuchik dongsa). Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! "Adjectives" in Korean The word for adjectives in Korean is (hyeongyongsa). English to Korean Words You can write English words in Korean by sounding them out slowly in English, and then writing the equivalent sounds in Korean. If you need help with translating unfamiliar Korean words, you can use our Korean translation tool. If you're not yet familiar with how to write in Korean, you can go here first. Korean to English Words You can write Korean terms in English by following the romanization rules. If you speak English originally, romanization could come in handy at the beginning. However, we highly encourage learning the Korean writing system (Hangeul). As a result, you will be able to read anything written in Korean, and your Korean pronunciation will be more accurate. Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) Below are the common questions asked about Korean words. 1. What are some common Korean words for beginners? Here are some essential Korean words to get you started: Hello: (annyeonghaseyo) Thank you: (gamsahamnida) Please (when asking for something): (juseyo) → Used when politely asking for something, like "Please give me…" Example: . (mul juseyo.) – "Please give me water." Yes: (ne) No: (aniyo) These words are commonly used in everyday conversations and are a great foundation for beginners. 2. What are some untranslatable Korean words? Korean has unique words that don't have direct English equivalents, reflecting cultural nuances: (jeong): A deep feeling of affection or attachment. (hyo): Filial piety; respect for parents and ancestors. (naesung): Feigning modesty or pretending to be innocent. (aegyo): Displaying cute or charming behavior. (ondol): Traditional Korean underfloor heating system. These words offer insight into Korean culture and values. 3. Where can I find a comprehensive list of Korean words? For an extensive collection of Korean vocabulary, here are more articles from our blog: Korean Adjectives – Descriptive Words You Need to Know Learn common Korean adjectives used to describe emotions, appearances, and qualities. This list helps you add depth to your vocabulary and improves descriptive language skills. Korean Nouns – Essential Words for Your Language Learning An extensive collection of Korean nouns categorized into animals, food, body parts, jobs, and more, to build a solid foundation in vocabulary. Korean Verbs – Learn All About Expressing Action Words A comprehensive guide to Korean verbs, including common, basic, and irregular verbs, along with conjugation patterns and usage examples. Korean Phrases – 200+ Useful Expressions for Daily Life A compilation of over 200 practical Korean phrases for various daily situations, enhancing conversational skills. Korean Slang – 101 Popular Words & Phrases An introduction to modern Korean slang, featuring terms commonly used in casual conversations and media. Konglish – Complete List of Korean Loanwords A detailed list of Korean words borrowed from English and other languages, known as Konglish, highlighting their meanings and usage. Korean Question Words – Asking About What You Want to Know A guide to essential Korean question words, enabling you to ask about people, places, time, and more. Body Parts in Korean – Complete Terms from Head to Toe A comprehensive list of Korean terms for human body parts, aiding in both medical and everyday contexts. Food in Korean – Complete Vocabulary of Ingredients & Dishes An extensive vocabulary list covering various Korean ingredients and dishes, perfect for culinary enthusiasts. Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables in Korean – Words & Sentences A detailed guide to Korean names for fruits, nuts, and vegetables, including example sentences for context. 4. What are some essential Korean phrases for travel? When traveling in Korea, these phrases can be very helpful: Excuse me: (jeogiyo) How much is this?: ? (ige eolmaeyo?) Where is the bathroom?: ? (hwajangsil eodiyeyo?) I'm lost: (gireul ilheosseoyo) Help!: ! (dowajuseyo!) These phrases are useful for navigating daily situations while traveling. 5. How can I learn Korean words effectively? You can learn Korean words effectively by doing the following consistently. Practice regularly: Daily repetition helps reinforce memory. Use flashcards: Apps like Anki or Quizlet can aid in memorization. Engage with media: Watch Korean dramas or listen to K-pop to hear words in context. Speak with native speakers: Language exchange platforms or Korean tutors can provide real-life practice. Consistent practice and exposure are key to mastering Korean vocabulary. Wrap Up That's a lot of words, but take your time in learning them. You can also find dictionary and translator app recommendations here if you prefer using these helpful tools! Knowing these words will help you sound closer to native Korean speakers. If you want more goodness to supercharge your Korean language and culture skills, then check out our top resources here! Learn Korean Faster with Our Structured Courses Was this post helpful?YesNo Do you know the Korean words that will get you speaking the fastest? Learn this basic Korean vocabulary, and you'll be having conversations sooner than you think! We have a downloadable PDF resource that contains the 100 basic Korean terms that are used in everyday life in South Korea. The PDF also has a worksheet you can use to practice the words in the list. Download the resource here and use it to study the vocabulary: Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF In this article, we'll cover more of the basic vocabulary that is commonly used in the language. Easy Korean Words These are words that you can easily learn and remember. You may hear these terms in Korean dramas, movies, variety shows, or live broadcasts of your favorite K-pop group. Below are a few easy Korean terms you can start learning: Korean WordMeaning (ye)yes (aniyo)no (uri)we (oneul)today (eoje)yesterday (naeil)tomorrow (bam)night/evening (achim)morning (wae)why (eonje)when Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! Korean Words for Beginners The words in Korean for beginners like you are words you can easily learn as they are often used in Korean dramas, movies, and other entertainment channels. These are essential Korean words as they are often used in daily conversations. Here's a list of Korean language vocabulary for beginners: KoreanMeaning (annyeonghaseyo)Hello (kamsahamnida)Thank you (cheonmaneyo)You're welcome (jamsimanyo)Excuse me (gwaenchanayo)Okay (joesonghamnida)I'm sorry (juseyo) Please give me (mollayo)I don't know (arayo)I know (ihaehaeyo)I understand (joayo)Good (an joayo)Not good Food Vocabulary in Korean If you're planning on learning the Korean language, then you're definitely going to want to know some basic Korean food vocabulary. With lots of tasty options and a huge variety, you'll be happy you did! Korean food plays a big part in Korean culture. Learning this simple vocabulary in Korean will be helpful as you learn Korean and South Korean culture. It'll be easy for you to talk about food in your everyday life in South Korea if you learn these basic Korean words. Below are the basic words related to food. Here are a few notes related to these Korean food words: If you want to order or ask for any of these items, add the phrase (ju-se-yo) to any of these Korean terms. This is one of the most helpful phrases in the language. It means "Please give me." If you need to ask for water at a restaurant, a good phrase to say is (mul jom ju-se-yo). The word (bap) means "rice," so you can use it for that exact meaning. It's also used to reference food in general, as in a meal. One of the most common phrases you'll hear in Korea is " ?" (bap meogeosseoyo | Did you eat?). In this case, the (bap) means "food," not specifically rice. This is a great phrase to use when you meet your friends and want to use your language skills to ask about food plans. To order a beer, you can say (maekju han byeong ju-se-yo), which means "Please give me 1 bottle of beer" in English. This is a really useful phrase when you meet with friends and want to order some drinks. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Korean Family & Relationship Words These are fantastic Korean family words to learn to help you understand everyday conversations. You'll definitely need these if you're going to meet and talk to Koreans in their language! You'll also hear Koreans say them often in K-Dramas and K-Pop lyrics. Get to recognize them in your favorite Korean shows and movies–or just listen for them in regular conversations. They're sure to show up, and you'll be one step closer to understanding the Korean language! Here are a few useful notes about Korean family and relationship words: You might hear the Korean phrase (uri nampyeon | our husband). While the direct English language translation is "our husband," it actually means "my husband." The word (uri | we, our) is used quite commonly to talk about things that belong to the whole group, such as the phrases (uri nara | our country), (uri jip | our house), and (uri anae | our wife). 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Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Korean Adjectives Korean adjectives help you a lot with your language learning as they enable you to describe objects, events, places, or feelings. As you're starting out with your Korean language learning, you don't need to know all of them. You just need to know the most common Korean terms. Here are the top adjectives in Korean commonly used in everyday life. You will surely hear these as you learn the Korean language, so it's good to add them to your vocabulary stack and get some practice with them. Korean Adverbs Another set of basic Korean words for everyday life you need to know when you learn Korean is adverbs. These are words that will be helpful as you are speaking Korean. They'll enable you to describe verbs and adjectives that'll make you sound more like a native. There are many adverbs in the Korean language, but we'll list a few of the most common ones here. Below are some of the basic Korean adverbs. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF Beautiful Korean Words These are made up of words that are natively Korean. There are a lot of words in the Korean language that have Chinese origins. These words that have Chinese origins are often referred to as "loan words." But in the section below, you'll learn about a few of the many beautiful Korean terms which are natively Korean. Korean WordMeaning (haneul)sky (bi)rain (goyangi)cat (gangaji)puppy (saram)person (baram)wind (maeum)mind/heart 가 (garam)river (bada)ocean (mireu)dragon (nareusha)to fly (narae)wing (nuri)world (nara)nation Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF As you discover how to learn Korean vocabulary, you'll know that there are words in the language that don't have a direct English translation. There might be words in English that can be used to explain them, but they don't necessarily give the exact meaning. You might be surprised to know about them as you've already might have heard them from Korean dramas, movies, or even from your favorite K-pop idols. (nunchi) This word is translated as "sense" or "wits" in English. However, this word is more than just sense and wits. It's one's ability to read, feel, and understand people or situations without the need to hear what it is verbally. A person who has (nunchi) is able to react, do, or say something simply by observing. This word is where the expressions 가 (nunchiga eopda) and 가 (nunchiga ppareuda) are based on. 가 (nunchiga eopda) is used for someone who doesn't know how to weigh or understand situations. Thus making them unable to respond, react or act accordingly. 가 (nunchiga ppareuda) is its opposite, as it is used for a person who's quick to see things through. They easily understand people and situations. (jeong) (jeong) is a word that can talk about affection, attachment, and feelings of connection. When Koreans use this word, they're usually referring to the invisible bond that exists in Korean society. Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! (hyo) This is a word that can be defined as "filial duty." This can be used to talk about one's devotion to one's parents in taking care of them and taking responsibility for them until their old age. (naesung) is used to describe a person who is not real or in other words fake. This can be used for a person who hides their real identity or color. (aegyo) There's no exact one English word that can directly express the meaning of (aegyo). However, it may be defined as "acting cute" or "being lovely." (ondol) This word literally means "heated rock." However, in practice, this word is used to refer to the Korean floor heating system. (dapdapae) or (dapdapada) These 2 expressions are translated as "stuffy" or "suffocating." However, these 2 words, when in use, can have a meaning other than "stuffy" or "suffocating." In usage, or are used when someone feels "frustrated." It can also be used when you get impatient or feel irritated at someone's slowness or narrow point of view. (eomchina) This word is a combination of 3 Korean words, which are (eomma), (chingu), and (adeul). These words combined mean "son of one's mother's friend." However, this isn't exactly what (eomchina) means. (eomchina) is used to describe someone, particularly a man who is close to perfection or someone who comes from or has a good background. He could be someone better than you. For example, a man who is very talented, smart, handsome, and has a good educational background can be described as (eomchina). The word used to describe women like this is (eomchinttal). (eoieopda) This word can express one's disbelief in an event or news. It may also be used when you're left speechless or have nothing to say or comment about because of an out-of-the-ordinary event. Get the "100 Common Korean Words + Worksheet" PDF 25 Untranslatable Korean Words You'll Want to Know Some Korean words go beyond direct translation—they reflect cultural values, feelings, and everyday expressions that are hard to explain in English. This short video highlights 25 such words, including (jeong), (han), (nunchi), and (aegyo) that we mentioned above. These Korean Words DON'T EXIST in English (With Examples!) Basic Grammar Terms in Korean Let's take a quick detour into some useful Korean terms that describe parts of speech—like how to say "noun," "verb," and "word" itself in Korean. "Words" in Korean Korean words are called (daneo). The word for vocabulary in Korean is (eohwi) or (yongeo). There are special words in the Korean language for different types of vocabulary. "Nouns" in Korean The word (myeongsa) is used to talk about nouns in Korean. The different types of nouns are called (botong myeongsa), (goyu myeongsa), and 가 (bulgasan myeongsa). The Korean phrases (botong myeongsa), (goyu myeongsa), and 가 (bulgasan myeongsa) are used for common nouns, proper nouns, and uncountable nouns, respectively. "Verbs" in Korean (dongsa) is the word for verbs in Korean. The Korean phrases for regular and irregular verbs are (gyuchik dongsa) and (bulgyuchik dongsa). Ready to Speak Korean Like a Local? Join our community of passionate learners and start speaking Korean confidently in just 90 days. Click here to take the first step! "Adjectives" in Korean The word for adjectives in Korean is (hyeongyongsa). English to Korean Words You can write English words in Korean by sounding them out slowly in English, and then writing the equivalent sounds in Korean. If you need help with translating unfamiliar Korean words, you can use our Korean translation tool. If you're not yet familiar with how to write in Korean, you can go here first. Korean to English Words You can write Korean terms in English by following the romanization rules. If you speak English originally, romanization could come in handy at the beginning. However, we highly encourage learning the Korean writing system (Hangeul). As a result, you will be able to read anything written in Korean, and your Korean pronunciation will be more accurate. Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) Below are the common questions asked about Korean words. 1. What are some common Korean words for beginners? Here are some essential Korean words to get you started: Hello: (annyeonghaseyo) Thank you: (gamsahamnida) Please (when asking for something): (juseyo) → Used when politely asking for something, like "Please give me…" Example: . (mul juseyo.) – "Please give me water." Yes: (ne) No: (aniyo) These words are commonly used in everyday conversations and are a great foundation for beginners. 2. What are some untranslatable Korean words? Korean has unique words that don't have direct English equivalents, reflecting cultural nuances: (jeong): A deep feeling of affection or attachment. (hyo): Filial piety; respect for parents and ancestors. (naesung): Feigning modesty or pretending to be innocent. (aegyo): Displaying cute or charming behavior. (ondol): Traditional Korean underfloor heating system. These words offer insight into Korean culture and values. 3. Where can I find a comprehensive list of Korean words? For an extensive collection of Korean vocabulary, here are more articles from our blog: Korean Adjectives – Descriptive Words You Need to Know Learn common Korean adjectives used to describe emotions, appearances, and qualities. This list helps you add depth to your vocabulary and improves descriptive language skills. Korean Nouns – Essential Words for Your Language Learning An extensive collection of Korean nouns categorized into animals, food, body parts, jobs, and more, to build a solid foundation in vocabulary. Korean Verbs – Learn All About Expressing Action Words A comprehensive guide to Korean verbs, including common, basic, and irregular verbs, along with conjugation patterns and usage examples. Korean Phrases – 200+ Useful Expressions for Daily Life A compilation of over 200 practical Korean phrases for various daily situations, enhancing conversational skills. Korean Slang – 101 Popular Words & Phrases An introduction to modern Korean slang, featuring terms commonly used in casual conversations and media. Konglish – Complete List of Korean Loanwords A detailed list of Korean words borrowed from English and other languages, known as Konglish, highlighting their meanings and usage. Korean Question Words – Asking About What You Want to Know A guide to essential Korean question words, enabling you to ask about people, places, time, and more. Body Parts in Korean – Complete Terms from Head to Toe A comprehensive list of Korean terms for human body parts, aiding in both medical and everyday contexts. Food in Korean – Complete Vocabulary of Ingredients & Dishes An extensive vocabulary list covering various Korean ingredients and dishes, perfect for culinary enthusiasts. Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables in Korean – Words & Sentences A detailed guide to Korean names for fruits, nuts, and vegetables, including example sentences for context. 4. What are some essential Korean phrases for travel? When traveling in Korea, these phrases can be very helpful: Excuse me: (jeogiyo) How much is this?: ? (ige eolmaeyo?) Where is the bathroom?: ? (hwajangsil eodiyeyo?) I'm lost: (gireul ilheosseoyo) Help!: ! (dowajuseyo!) These phrases are useful for navigating daily situations while traveling. 5. How can I learn Korean words effectively? You can learn Korean words effectively by doing the following consistently. Practice regularly: Daily repetition helps reinforce memory. Use flashcards: Apps like Anki or Quizlet can aid in memorization. Engage with media: Watch Korean dramas or listen to K-pop to hear words in context. Speak with native speakers: Language exchange platforms or Korean tutors can provide real-life practice. Consistent practice and exposure are key to mastering Korean vocabulary. Wrap Up That's a lot of words, but take your time in learning them. You can also find dictionary and translator app recommendations here if you prefer using these helpful tools! Knowing these words will help you sound closer to native Korean speakers. If you want more goodness to supercharge your Korean language and culture skills, then check out our top resources here! Learn Korean Faster with Our Structured Courses Was this post helpful?YesNo Basic words and phrases in the Korean language (/ hangugeo) can be easily learned nowadays. It is one of the most popular languages among southeast Asian countries because of the prevalence of Korean culture through Korean popular posts, Korean drama/movies, Korean music, and even Korean food. People have different reasons why they want to learn this language and many people want to learn Korean to expand their vocabulary and understand how their favorite Korean actors and Kpop biases speak. Whatever the reason is, it is undeniable that the Korean language has taken a big step to know not just in Asia but all over the world. Today, there are lots of people who speak English as their second language because it has been widely used all over the world, but learning to speak Korean will definitely step up your game. It will widen your vocabulary and give you a deeper understanding of Koreans. So, are you ready to learn new Korean words and Korean phrases? Let's go! (가!! / gaja!) Page Contents If you are wondering which essential Korean words you should learn first, have a look at the list below: Yes: (ne) / (ye) No: (a-ni-yo) Okay: (gwaen-chan-a-yo) Hello: (an-nyeong-ha-se-yo) Please (for requests): (ju-se-yo) Thank you: (gam-sa-ham-ni-da) / (go-ma-wo-yo) You're welcome: (cheon-man-e-yo) Excuse me: (sil-lye-ham-ni-da) Sorry: (mi-an-ham-ni-da) / (mi-an-he) Goodbye: (an-nyeong-hi-gye-se-yo) There is a special reason why people want to learn Korean words and Korean phrases. It can be because they are inspired by the Korean music, Korean books or Korean dramas they are listening to and watching. It may also be a requirement for an elective subject in school. Most of all, people want to start learning Korean because they want to travel to Korea and start conversations with locals. Whatever the reason is, it is really commendable for you to start learning Korean, so here's a list of Basic Words and Phrases in Korean for you to start with: English Translation: Yes (ne) is used the same way it is used in the English language. As a traveler, this is really essential, especially in airports, shopping, dining, and traveling around the country. You can also hear people say (ye) to say "Yes" in Korean, which has the same meaning as (ne). But in some cases, older people might consider (ye) a more polite way to say "Yes." English Translation: No No is also one of the basic but most important words to learn in Korean. It is as important as the word Yes because you will not say Yes all the time. On the other hand, when you are in doubt or unsure about something, / amado is the right word for you. Of course, there will be a lot of things that you won't be

a beginner: English TranslationKoreanPronunciationdadappamomeommasonadeuldaughterttalgrandfather (paternal)harabeojigrandfather (maternal)oe harabeojigrandmother (paternal)halmeonigrandmother (maternal)oe halmeonihusbandnampyeonwifeanaeI go on a trip with my family가 가gajokdeulgwa hamkke yeohaengeul gayoWe are a family of five 가 5()uri gajogeun 5(daseot) myeongieyoMy dad is kind uri appaneyb chinjeolhaseyo Verbs and adjectives are essential parts of the sentence structure. If you know the basic verbs and adjectives, it will be easier for you to understand and write sentences in Korean. Remember, the Korean language is meant to be learned and understood easily. At first, it seems like it's hard to learn, especially if you're from a western country, but after learning the Korean alphabet, you'll realize that it's not hard to learn Korean. Here are some basic verbs and adjectives you'll need to know. English TranslationKoreanPronunciationto eatmeokdato drinkmasidato sleepjadato givejudato buysadato seebodato laughutdato cryuldato wearipdato walkgeotdato meetmannadato studygongbuhadato learnbaeudato readikttato be goodjotato hatesiltato be easyswipdato be difficulteoryeopdato be cleankkaekkeuthadato be dirtydeoreopdato be interestingjaemiitdato be boringjaemieopdato be hotdeopdato be coldchupda One thing to learn about Koreans is they are really organized. Everything is fast-paced to keep productivity but remember, fast-paced doesn't always compromise quality. They still care about details and quality of work. If you're following a K-pop group, they spend time before releasing new songs, but they make sure that their comebacks are a blast. English TranslationKoreanPronunciationtodayoneulyesterdayeojetomorrownaeilnowjigeumtimesigan In learning basic words and phrases in the Korean language, we shouldn't miss Korean slang words. If you have a strong grasp of this, understanding Korean jokes and watching K-dramas will be much easier. Also, if you start making friends, you will talk more casually. Usually, these are the terms that you'll commonly use. Korean slang words are not usually taught in the classroom. They are learned through interacting with other people and, of course, the internet. English TranslationKoreanPronunciationa lot of funkkuljaemnot funny or boringnojaemfighting!!hwaiting!my heart skipped a beat simkungTBH (to be honest)solkkamalOMG, WTFheolcharming actaegyoselfieselkaTGIF (literal Burning Friday or Golden Friday)bulgeumIt's litojyeotdabadlydeoreopgebeginner level or noobjjolepswagganjimental breakdownmenbungChicken and beer, the perfect pairingchimaekimpulse shoppinghwatgimbiyongmaskmaseukeuFucking delicious jonmattaeng (JMT)prettiest in the worldsejelyeIDK (short for , molla)ㅁㄹm lsorry (short for , joesonghamnida)ㅈㅅj sty (short for , gamsahamnida)ㄱㅅg s "Crash Landing On You," "Reply 1988," and "Goblin." These are just three of the most iconic K-dramas that made history in the K-drama world. If you're an OG K-drama fan, you have surely unconsciously picked up words commonly used in K-dramas. Wondering what it means? Check out these basic Korean phrases used in K-dramas. English TranslationKoreanPronunciationused by males when referring to older female siblings/relatives/close friends;noonaused by females when referring to older female siblings/relatives/close friends eonni/unniused by males when referring to older male siblings/relatives/close friendshyung/hyeongused by females when referring to older male siblings/relatives/close friends/boyfriends; occasionally, idols/celebritiesoppamiddle-aged men/married menahjussimiddle-aged women/married womenahjummaGot it./Understood.arasseoNo way! !andwaeIndicate a deep sigh, Expressing frustration or pity; show surprise (occasionally)aigooI am hungry.baegopaCall/DealkolWow/Cool/Great daebakJust a sec/Wait a minute./Hold on.jamkkanmanGood night./Sleep well.jaljaIt's a lie./Don't lie. geojitmariyaReally???jinjjajeongmalAre you crazy? ?neo michyeosseoOh yeah!assaPlease.jebalWhat to do?? eotteokhae?Like this.ireohkeAlright/ Sure/OkaygeuraeIt's fine./I'm okay.gwaenchanaIf so, then.../Of course.geureomDon't do it./Stop it.hajimaI'm happy.haengbokhaeOh my gosh.eomeoHurry/FasterpalliCould it be.../By any chance.../Would it be possible if...hokshiHello (Used for answering a call)yeoboseyoYou're pretty.yeppeudaI Promise/Promise meyaksokhaeused to address seniorssunbaeused to address juniorshoobaeIn the world (literal); Oh my god!/My goodness!sesange Just recently, Lisa, the main dancer of the Korean girl group Blackpink, dropped her first-ever single entitled "Lalisa." This song really made the whole world stop, even non-Koreans, because it broke two Guinness World Records. "Lalisa" hits 73.6 million views in its first 24 hours, breaking Taylor Swift's "Me!" with 65.2 million. It also set a new record for a solo K-pop artist's most-viewed YouTube music video in 24 hours which was formerly held by her bandmate Rosé. BTS also set billboard records with their song "Dynamite" and is now concurring the world's music industry. Just recently, they released their song with Coldplay entitled "My Universe." These are just two of the internationally recognized Korean groups that really made their way to represent Korea. It is no doubt that the Korean music industry is a global trend and has a huge fanbase in different parts of the world. English TranslationKoreanPronunciationK-popkeipapmusiceumakmusic industry eumak saneopmusical instrumentakkimusic video myujik bidioclassical music keullaesik eumakpop music가gayorap musicraepjazz music jaejeu eumaksinger가gasufemale singer 가ㅏyeoseong gasuopera singer 가ㅏopera gasubandbaendeupop culturedaejungmunhwaWhat is your favorite K-pop group? 가 ?Eotteon keipap geurubeul gajang joahaeyo?How long have you been listening to K-pop? ?Keipabeul deureunji eolmana doeeosseoyo? Below are some of the basic vocabulary of common Korean words about everyday life, essential words such as Korean family words, most typical greetings, basic medical terms, directions, and other terms for everyday life. No.English TranslationKorean Word1hello2excuse me?3please in a desperate way4really??5please6sorry7thank you8yes9no10maybe11help 12excuse me13water14vegetables15fruit16meat17bread18fish19coffee20beer21soju22friend23family가24old sister (if you are male)25old sister (if you are female)26old brother (if you are male)27old brother (if you are female)28younger sibling29younger brother30younger sister31dad32father (formal)33mom34mother (formal)35son36daughter37twins38triplets 39uncle40aunt41boyfriend 42girlfriend 43marriage44husband45wife 46human47love48first love49secret crush50couple51drama52once 53twice 54which55who가 56where57how58when59what60why61house 62country63job64you're welcome65left66right67it's fine68for a while69time 70now71today72yesterday73tomorrow74to go가75to come 76to have77to be78to eat79to drink80to give 81to see 82to sleep83to wake up or get up84to buy85to write or to use86to laugh87to cry 88to wear89to walk 90to read 91to learn 92to study93to meet94to like95to hate96to be hot97to be cold99to be sad100to be sick or in pain101to be tired102to be interesting103to be boring104to be difficult105to be easy 106to be clean107to be dirty108to be fast 109to be slow110fast 111really112slowly 113sometimes가 114seldom115never 116never 117skin, 118eye119body/ 120head121hair122face123dimple124forehead125eyebrow126shoulder127eyelid128eyelashes129pupil130ear131cheek / 132nose133nostrils134mouth135tooth, 136lips137gum138tongue139chin140neck141throat142body parts 143breast가144breast145back146abdomen147navel148waist149buttocks150vagina/151penis/152hand153arm154wrist 155wrist156elbow157palm (hand)158fist159finger가160thumb161index finger162ring finger163fingernail164armpit165leg166thigh167knee168foot169claw170ankle171top of the foot172heel173toe가174brain175heart176artery177liver178lungs179muscles180bone181stomach182appendix183kidney184pancreas185bowels186womb187anus 188doctor189nurse190injection191pharmacist192medicine193cancer194cough195flu196tumor197vomiting198paralysis199poisoning201toothache202stomachache203constipation204jaundice205runny nose206high fever207pregnancy208childbirth209abortion210operation211hospitalization212hospital discharge213diabetes214sunstroke215gastric ulcer216syndrome217high blood pressure218low blood pressure219malnutrition220death, 221sickness222prescription223dermatology224paediatrics225ultrasound226neurology227consultation room228emergency room229plastic surgery230apple231apricot232asparagus233aubergine가234avocado235baked beans 236banana237beansprouts 238beetroot239blackberry240blackcurrant241blueberry242broccoli243brussels sprouts244a bunch of bananas 245a bunch of grapes 246cabbage247carrot248cauliflower249celery250cherry251courgette252cucumber253fig254French bean 255garlic256ginger257gooseberry258grape259grapefruit260kidney beans261kiwi262leek263lemon 264lettuce265lime266mango267melon268mushroom269onion270orange271peach272pear273peas274guava275pineapple276plum277pomegranate278potato279pumpkin280radish281raspberry282soup283spinach284spring onion285squash286strawberry287sweet potato288corn / sweetcorn289tinned tomatoes 290tomato291turnip292Persimmon 293Mustard294mandarin295cauliflower296rice field297soybean298bellflower299wheat300chestnut302leek303barley304watermelon305citron306plum, 307(musk) melon308fafaya309red bean310green pepper311brown rice312carrot313rye314gingko nut315gluten316green (unripe) fruit 317orchard318baguette319baking powder 가320blue cheese 321bread rolls322brown bread323brown sugar 324butter325cake326cooking oil327corn flour 가328cottage cheese 329cream330dates331dried apricots332eggs333full-fat milk 334garlic bread335goats cheese 336icing sugar 337milk338olive oil339pastry340plain flour 가341raisins342sponge cake 343sugar344white bread345yeast346yoghurt 347chilli powder가348cinnamon349curry powder 가350paprika351saffron352organic353ketchup354breakfast cereal 355cornflakes356honey357jam358noodles359pasta360pizza361porridge362rice363spaghetti364toast365Instant Noodles Whenever you hear the words or phrases that Korean people speak or see their expressions when you watch their different dramas on the television or on your phone, it becomes more and more familiar to you. By listening to native Korean speakers, you are already making a lot of effort to remember these basic words and phrases! Learning about Korean culture is necessary because this will widen your perspective on learning the Korean language itself. When you observe Korean culture, you will recognize the meaning behind their language, words, phrases, sentences, and vocabulary in terms of speaking. The common Korean vocabulary words that reflect Korean culture are the following: —"Chingu" (Friend)—This word has a different usage in English because Koreans generally use this word of the same age. —"Sarang" (Love)—This is a Korean word for love. Japanese also have this word with the same meaning. —"Sseom-Ta-Da" (Mutual Understanding/Something's going on)—This basic Korean phrase came from the English word 'something' or 'something's going' on in terms of dating, and 'ta-da' is an expression of 'go-along' if the dating couple will move to a more serious relationship. —"Aegyo" (Charming Act)—This word is a trend right now in Korea. Mostly, women and even men do this charming and adorable act to look sweet to people. They often do the 'aegyo' when they take a 'selka' on their phones. —"Selka" (Selfie)—From the English word 'selfie'. Most Korean artists love to take pictures. Coz why not? Korean glass skin is worth showing off. —"Mianhae" (I'm sorry)—This is an informal way to speak 'I'm sorry' in Korean. You always hear this Korean word, mostly in Kpop songs. In addition, Koreans are polite, especially the youngsters. —"mul" (water)—This is the most commonly used noun in South Korea, as you probably hear in many K-dramas when drinking soju or eating moekbang. —"bap" (rice)—It's not only the Philippines and Japan who love to eat rice, but also Korea. The rice that they eat was often wrapped in different types of leaves, together with meat or fish. —"gogi" (meat)—Koreans love meat, most especially grilled pork belly, which is also known as 'samgyeop-sal' with different ingredients. This is commonly eaten by a Korean family. —"soju" (clear liquor)—This is the most popular liquor in Korea. In Korean culture, drinking alcohol like soju, rice wine, and other alcohol is a big part of the lives of Korean family. —"jigeum" (now)—We frequently hear this word from our favorite Kpop groups whenever they have interviews, or sometimes in the daily conversations of your favorite Korean actors or artists in a variety show. This literally means 'now' or 'at this moment'. —"gwaenchanayo" (That's okay)—Most Koreans are cheerful and also compassionate people. In other words, you probably hear this Korean word whenever there's an unexpected scenario in a Korean drama. —"jal jayo" (Goodnight)—Although some Koreans use the English term 'goodnight,' most of the songs we hear from our favorite Kpop groups use 'jal jayo.' See? Through listening to their songs, we can learn basic Korean phrases, and understand some of the common Korean words in just a moment. ! —"jamkkannmanyo!" (Just a moment! / Wait!)—This expression from the most common Korean words is generally formally used in everyday life. —"da gachi" (All together)—You probably heard it right? This Korean word is usually heard when you watch a concert from your favorite Kpop group in initiating the fans to sing along with them. —"ige mwoyeyo" (What is this?)—This is also an expression from the most common Korean words, and it is also mainly used in everyday life in an informal manner, most especially when you are talking with your close friends or relatives. —"joayo" (Good)—This is also one of the most common Korean words that are being used a lot. You can hear this through different Korean vloggers who want different viewers to subscribe and like 'joayo' their vlogs. Learn these cultural terms and you will be one step ahead! Now that you've learned a few important words in Korean, there's still a long way to go. If you are new to the language and are interested in learning even more details about this fantastic language, read this helpful information and take note! Korean is spoken in North and South Korea, China (mainly provinces bordering North Korea), Japan, and Russia. Korean is also spoken in other large communities around the world, such as the US (most from New York), Singapore, Thai, Guam, and Paraguay. The number of Korean speakers continues to increase because there are some countries like the Philippines, where the Korean language is taught as an elective course. The most known origin of the Korean language is the Altaic language family of central Asia, including Turkish, Mongolian, and the Tungusic languages of Siberia. Other linguists also argue that Korean belongs to the Austronesian language family. Because of the long history between Chinese and Japanese, determining their linguistic affiliation is really complicated. Some also considered the Korean language as isolated. Whatever its origin may be, it gave birth to an amazing language called Korean. We all know that the whole country of Korea is divided into two – The Democratic People's Republic of Korea (North Korea) and the Republic of Korea (South Korea). The Ancient Korean language was divided into many dialects, but naturally unified during the Unified Silla period. There are two standard varieties of Modern Korean. Both dialects are distinguished and regulated by the national language policy of the country. Most of these dialects are mutually intelligible. Seoul Dialect – The standard dialect of South Korea. There are also regional dialects such as Kyeonsang, Chungchong, Jeolla, and Jeju Island. P'yŏngyang Dialect – This is the standard dialect of North Korea. The regional dialects include Hamkyeong, Pyeongan, and Hwanghae. Learning basic words and phrases in the Korean Language will definitely help survive. You will hear a lot of phrases and words that you don't even understand, and it will make it hard for you to have good communication with the locals. Of course, you won't always have the opportunity to check your dictionaries or some free PDF files saved on your cellphone to compose what you want to say. If you want to learn more Korean words (including transitional words), phrases, and sentences, the Ling app will help you achieve your goals. Through the Ling app, you will be able to hear the pronunciation of each word. This will help you learn to speak the language accurately. Ling will provide fun and engaging lessons that will surely make your language learning experience exciting and meaningful. These lessons will help you learn how to speak and write in Korean. Through Ling, you don't have to attend any class on a given schedule because you can learn with just your phone or computer during your free time. Learning a language will be a lot easier and more fun. What are you waiting for? Download the Ling app on the Play Store or App Store and start learning Korean now!