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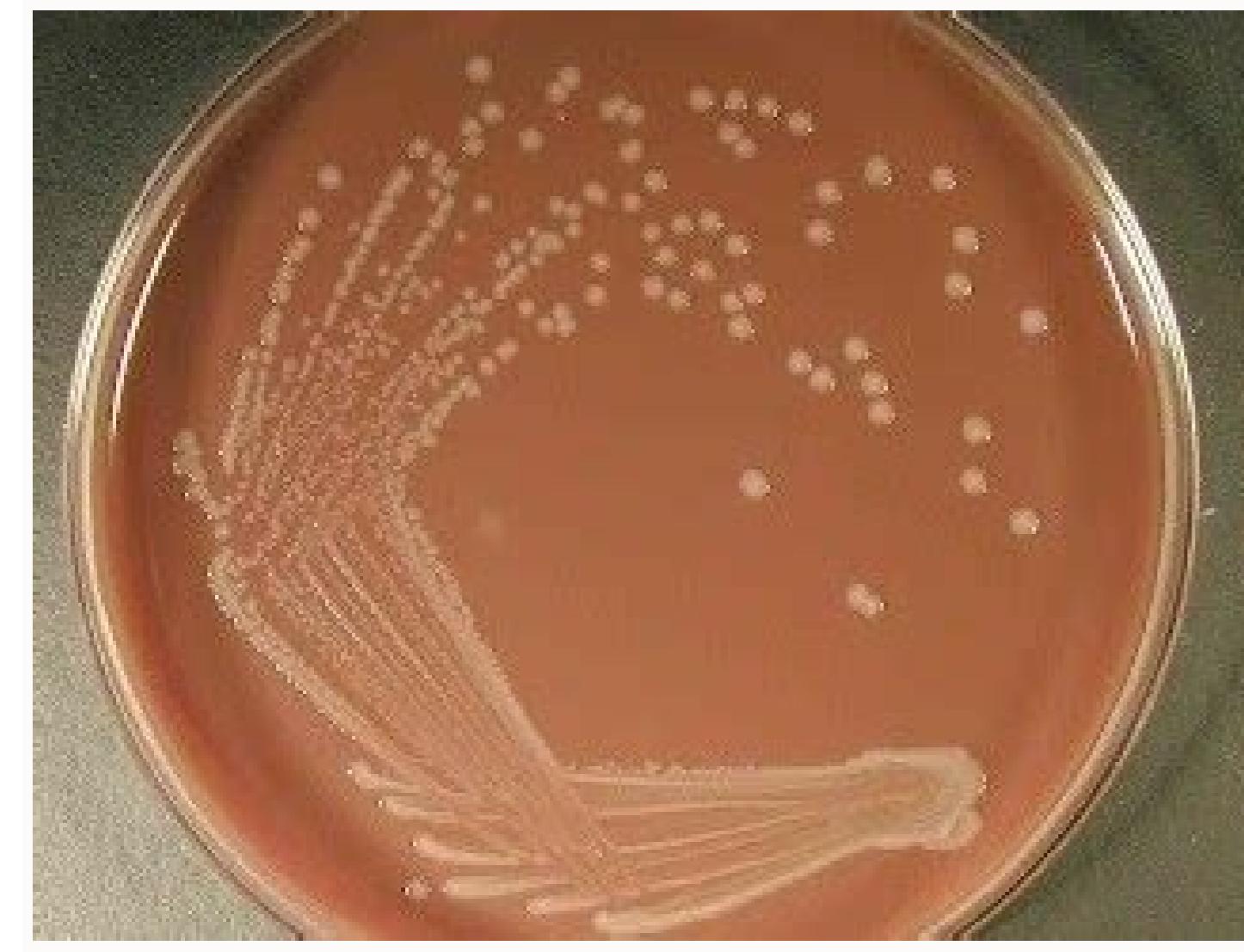
FUNGI

- Yeast
- Molds
- Slime molds
- Fungi-like protists

HOST-PARASITE RELATIONSHIP

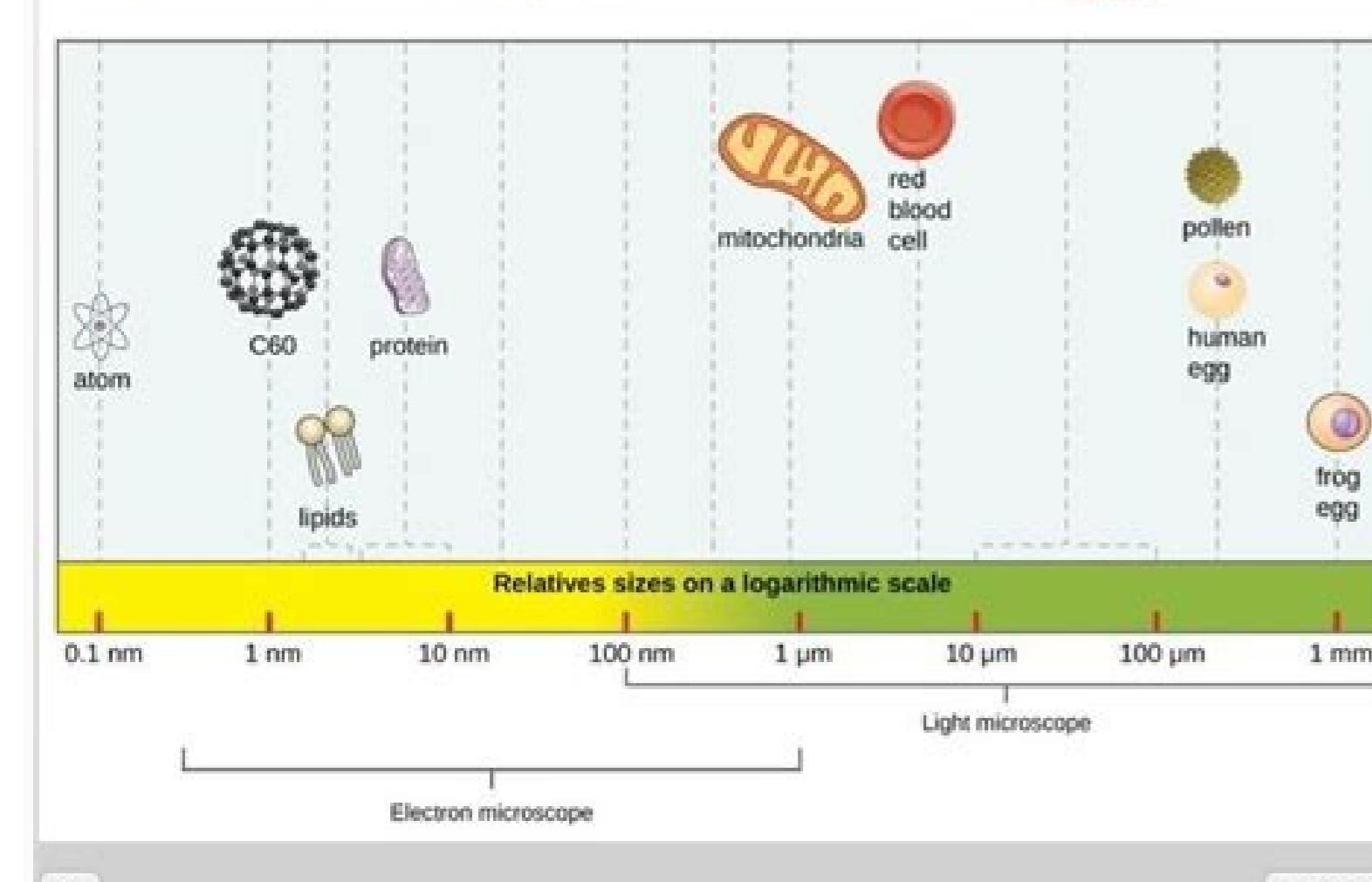
- Mutualism
- Commensalism
- Parasitism

INFECTIOUS MICROBES



Microbiology Sample v2

Drag the flu virus to the appropriate location on the diagram.



Microbiology media preparation and sterilization. Microbiology media preparation manual. Microbiology media preparation jobs. Autoclave microbiology media preparation. Microbiology media preparation lab report. Microbiology media preparation procedure. Microbiology media preparation pdf. Microbiology media preparation sop.

1. Medical Microbiology Laboratory (Culture Media Preparation) Hussein A. Abid Medical Laboratory Scientist Member at American Society of Microbiology Chairman of Iraqi Medical Laboratory Association Teacher at Middle Technical University 2. TOOLS, GLASSWARE & INSTRUMENTS Conical flask Petri dish Cotton Electronic balance
Generated cylinder Bunsen burner Autoclave 3. CHEMICALS & MEDIA BASES Media base (powder), depending on what is needed to prepare by lab staff Distilled water 4. 3 CULTURE MEDIA CALCULATIONS We should be read "DIRECTIONS" listed on media base container carefully. For example, on the container of nutrient agar the following directions are listed: [If suspend 28 g of powder in 1000 mL of D.W., then dissolve by heating until boiling. Autoclave for 20 min, then cool and pour in Petri-dishes.] So, if we need to prepare 1000 mL (1 L) of nutrient agar medium, we should be dissolve 28.0 grams of media powder in 1000 mL of distilled water. The amount of media poured in each dish we need (mL) All volumes should be converted to (mL), and weights to (g) before beginning calculations. From (L) to (mL) multiply by 1000, while from (mL) to (L) divided by (1000). From (Kg) to (g) multiply by 1000, while from (g) to (Kg) divided by (1000). 6. 5 CULTURE MEDIA CALCULATIONS If the directions: suspend 28 g of powder in 1000 mL of D.W., then dissolve by heating until boiling. Autoclave for 20 min, then cool and pour in Petri-dishes. If we need (14) Petri-dishes instead of entire 1000 mL, the volume of media we need to prepare calculated as $(14 \times 20 = 280 \text{ mL}) / 1000 \text{ mL} = 280 \times 28 \text{ mL} = 7.48 \text{ g}$. 7. 6 PROBLEMS 1. How many Petri-dishes can you prepare from 1000 mL of culture media? 2. How many mLs of media needed to prepare 17 Petri-dishes of peptone water? 3. If the directions of nutrient broth include the dissolving of 13.0 gm of media base (powder) in 1000, how to prepare 730 mL of this broth? 4. The directions of Simmons citrate agar was "Suspend 24.28 grams in 1000 mL of distilled water. Heat to boiling, to dissolve the medium completely. Mix well and distribute in tubes or flasks. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes." How to prepare 8 Petri-dishes of this medium. 8. 7 SOLUTION 1. ≈ 50 Petri-dishes. 2. 3. By applying the equation: $13 \text{ g } 1000 \text{ mL} = 1730 \text{ mL} \times 13 \times 1000 = 9.49 \text{ g}$ So, 9.49 g of powder should be dissolved in 1730 mL of D.W. 4. The total volume of media needed is $(8 \times 20 = 160 \text{ mL})$. $24.28 \text{ g } 1000 \text{ mL} = 160 \times 24.28 \text{ mL} = 3.885 \text{ g}$ So, 3.885 g of powder should be dissolved in 160 mL of D.W. 9. 8 MEDIA PREPARATION PROCEDURE 1. Assemble all chemicals in work area before beginning. 2. Accurately weigh the media base calculated "powder" by electronic balance. 3. Add the powder into flask. 4. Add distilled water to the flask, for making the correct volume. 5. Heat & stir (agar will burn if it is not stirred) until all of the ingredients go into solution. When the media boils, it is ready for sterilization. 6. For sterilization, autoclave should be used, flask top should be covered by aluminum foil to prevent contamination. 10. 9 MEDIA PREPARATION PROCEDURE 7. Line sterile Petri-plates along the edge of clean table or bench. 8. Pour 15-20 mL of media into each Petri-plate. 9. The Petri-plate lid should be open slightly but not completely open as this increases contamination. NOTE: We can't sterilize all types of media by autoclaving, some of them includes substances that getting denaturation with autoclave temperature and/or its pressure. The next slides, included examples of some types of media and their directions according to some companies. Doesn't memorize, only train your self to read it. 11. 10 MEDIA PREPARATION (directions) 1. Nutrient agar: Suspend 28 g of nutrient agar powder in 1000 mL of distilled water. Bring to the boil to dissolve completely. Dispense as required and sterilize. 2. Nutrient broth: Add 13 g of nutrient broth powder to 1000 mL of distilled water. Mix well. Dispense as required and sterilize. 3. Blood agar: Suspend 40 grams in 1000 mL distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 50 °C and aseptically add 5% v/v sterile defibrinated blood. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates. 4. MacConkey agar: Add 51.5 g of MacConkey's agar powder to 1000 mL of distilled water. Mix well. Dispense as required and sterilize. According to HiCynth™ 12. 11 MEDIA PREPARATION (directions) 5. SS agar: Dissolve 60 grams per liter of distilled/deionized (DDI) water. Heat with repeated stirring and boil for one minute to dissolve completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. 6. Mueller-Hinton agar: Dissolve 36 grams per liter of distilled water. Heat with repeated stirring and boil for one minute to dissolve completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. 8. Mueller-Hinton agar: Dissolve 89.08 grams per liter of distilled water. Heat with repeated stirring and boil for one minute to dissolve completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. 9. CLED agar: Dissolve 36 grams per liter of distilled water. Heat with repeated stirring and boil for one minute to dissolve completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. 10. XLD agar: Dissolve 38 grams in 1000 mL distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Mix well and distribute in tubes or flask. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates. According to HiCynth™ 13. 12 MEDIA PREPARATION (directions) 9. Simmons Citrate agar: Suspend 24.28 grams in 1000 mL distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Mix well and distribute in tubes or flask. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Precaution: Before autoclaving, ensure pH of water is 6-7. The final colour of the medium may deviate from expected colour, if the above direction is ignored. 10. XLD agar: Suspend 56.68 grams in 1000 mL distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Mix well and distribute in tubes or flask. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 50°C. After cooling, transfer medium to a sterile bath at 50°C. After cooling, transfer medium to Petri-plates. It is advised to not prepare large amount of medium at one time as it will prevent complete sterilization. 11. TSI agar: Suspend 64.32 grams (the equivalent weight of dehydrated media per liter) in 1000 mL distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Mix well and distribute into test tubes. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Allow the medium to set in sloped form with a butt about 1 inch long. According to HIMEDIALABS™ 14. 13 MEDIA PREPARATION (directions) 12. Urea agar: Suspend 29.01 grams in 100 mL distilled water. Mix thoroughly to dissolve completely. Sterilize by filtration. DO NOT BOIL OR AUTOCLAVE. Suspend 15 grams of agar in 900 mL distilled water and dissolve completely. 13. Urea broth: Suspend 13.71 grams in 950 mL distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 55°C. Aseptically add 50 mL of sterile 40% Urea solution (FD048). Mix well and distribute in 10 mL amounts into sterile tubes. According to HIMEDIALABS™ 15. 14 MEDIA PREPARATION (directions) 14. Peptone water agar: Suspend 25 grams in 1000 mL distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Dispense in tubes and sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. 15. Modified Cary - Blair Medium: Suspend 12.6 grams in 991 mL distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Cool to 50°C and aseptically add 9 mL of 1% aqueous calcium chloride solution. Adjust pH to 8.4 if necessary. Distribute in 7 mL amounts in screw capped tubes. Steam for 15 minutes. Cool and tighten the caps. According to HIMEDIALABS™ 16. 15 MEDIA PREPARATION (directions) 16. EMB agar: Suspend 35.96 grams in 1000 mL distilled water. Mix until suspension is uniform. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. AVOID OVERHEATING. Cool to 45-50°C and shake the medium in order to oxidize the methylene blue (i.e. to restore its blue colour) and to suspend the flocculent precipitate. (If EMB Agar is inoculated on the same day, it may be used without autoclave sterilization). Precaution: Store the medium away from light to avoid photooxidation. 17. Mannitol Salt agar: Suspend 111.02 grams in 1000 mL purified/ distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes or as per validated cycle. Note: This product contains 7.5% Sodium chloride as one of its ingredients. On repeated exposure to air and absorption moisture sodium chloride has tendency to form lumps, therefore we strongly recommend storage in tightly closed containers in dry place away from bright light . According to HIMEDIALABS™ 17. Bacterial culture media



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