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Teacher created graphic organizer for Germany, Italy, Japan, Russia, Great Britain, France and the United States. MS Word document Nazism, Fascism, Communism, Imperialism, Democracy, Monarchy, Democratic Parliament Adolf Hitler, Benito Mussolini, Joseph Stalin, Emperor Hirohito, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Harry S Truman, King George VI, Winston Churchill, Charles de Gaulle Includes a KEY and a map of Europe. Tennessee Social Studies Standard 5.55 I can identify and locate the Axis and Allied Po Author: Arif Cagici Author: Arif Cagici WorldMapI.com offers a collection of map, google map, atlas, political, physical, satellite view, country infos, cities map and more map of . Europe After World War 2 Map Worksheet Answers - World war ii reading worksheet. A albania b finland c hungary d turkey What two nations gained land that had been part of germany? 1 who lost the greatest percentage of land in the creation of new nations? Web this is a free printable worksheet in pdf format and holds a printable version of the quiz world war ii map. The "europe post world war ii" map also has comprehension questions that compare the two maps. Web europe map before and after ww2 outline of europe during world war 2map of europe during world war ii wwii map of europe worksheet detailed map: 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, homeschool. Looking at the two maps below, answer the following questions. Web the world war 2 europe map worksheet, while covering a serious topic, comes in an engaging format: Web europe after world war i directions: World war ii vocabulary study sheet. World war ii reading worksheet. Web these worksheets look at all the major events of the war and each side of the battlefield. A coloring activity featuring the map of ww2 europe. It became clear that the allies would win the war. By printing out this quiz and taking it with pen and paper creates for a good variation to only playing it online. Other quizzes available as worksheets. Print world war i worksheets. Introduce students to terms associated with world war ii using this vocabulary study sheet. Web the "europe during world war ii" map has several different variations. Web europe after ww2 map quiz. Web after labeling the new map, there are six analysis questions students can answer based on the 2 maps.this is a simple activity but essential to understanding how the treaty of versailles affected europe and the lasting bitterness russia and germany felt toward wes. World war ii vocabulary study sheet. Color an editable map, fill in the legend, and download. Web after labeling the new map, there are six analysis questions students can answer based on the 2 maps.this is a simple activity but essential to understanding how the treaty of versailles affected europe and the lasting bitterness russia and germany felt toward wes. What two nations gained land that had been part of germany? Print world war ii worksheets.. Create your own custom historical map of europe at the start of world war ii (1939). There is a printable worksheet available for download here so you can take the quiz with pen and paper. Roosevelt met with joseph stalin (ussr) and winston churchill (great britain) to discuss the europe after the war, especially germany. What's included with the print. Web after labeling the new map, there are six analysis questions students can answer based on the 2 maps.this is a simple activity but essential to understanding how the treaty of versailles affected europe and the lasting bitterness russia and germany felt toward wes. What's included with the print versions: A albania b finland c hungary d turkey Other quizzes. The two opposing sides in combat were called the axis powers and the allied powers. A coloring activity featuring the map of ww2 europe. As soon as it was ready, west germany was set up as an independent, democratic nation with its own government. Web in addition students will learn how the map of europe changed after the cold war. Web europe after ww2 map quiz. Web in addition students will learn how the map of europe changed after the cold war ended. A albania b finland c hungary d turkey Web after the great war. \*blank europe after world war ii map with questions for students to answer (2 pages) \*blank europe after world war ii map without questions. You can use these based on the level of your class or can differentiate amongst your students. Click the buttons to print each worksheet and associated answer key. The eastern part of germany was occupied by the soviet union at the end of the war. Web plan your homeschooling activities with these world war ii worksheets, including crosswords, word searches, \*blank europe after world war ii map with questions for students to answer (2 pages) \*blank europe after world war ii map without questions (1 1/2 pages) \*coloring page for europe after world war ii (1 page) \*answer. 22 23 24 25 15 16 1. List the new countries that emerged after ww1. Changes in the pace of europe under. Color an editable map, fill in the legend, and download it for free to use in your project. Web which two central powers lost the least amount of territory following ww1? Create your own custom historical map of europe at the start of world war 2 in the pacific maps will help students become more familiar with the nations of europe and those in . Europe After World War 2 Map Worksheet Answers - World war ii reading worksheet. Web these worksheets look at all the major events of the war and each side of the battlefield. Web at the end of world war ii, the western part of germany was occupied and controlled for a few years by u.s., british, and french forces. Web which two central powers lost the least amount of territory following ww1? What region did france gain from germany? Web these world war ii in europe and world war 2 in the pacific maps will help students become more familiar with the nations of europe and those in the pacific during world war ii by identifying which countries belonged to the allies, which ones joined. Web the "during" world war 2 map (europe) breaks down the occupation of the continent by germany, ussr, italy, and neutrality. Web in addition students will learn how the map of europe changed after the cold war ended. Introduce students to terms associated with world war ii using this vocabulary study sheet. What's included with the print versions: Introduce students to terms associated with world war ii using this vocabulary study sheet. Web which two central powers lost the least amount of territory following ww1? Create your own custom historical map of europe at the start of world war ii (1939). Web after labeling the new map, there are six analysis questions students can answer based on the 2 maps.this is a simple activity but essential to understanding how the treaty of versailles affected europe and the lasting bitterness russia and germany felt toward wes. The eastern part of germany was occupied by the soviet union at the end of the war. \*blank europe after world war ii map with questions for students to answer (2 pages) \*blank europe after world war ii map without questions (1 1/2 pages) \*coloring page for europe after world war ii (1 page) \*answer. It became clear that the allies would win the war. Changes in the pace of europe under the treaty of versailles, several european nations gained and lost land. Using this resource, students must categorize the countries listed into allies, axis, axis controlled, or neutral, making historical events easier to visualize in grasp as seen on a map. The "europe post world war ii" map also has comprehension questions that compare the two maps. Color an editable map, fill in the legend, and download it for free to use in your project. You can use this as guided notes, station work, homework, in an interactive notebook, and much more! Web these worksheets look at all the major events of the war and each side of the battlefield. It became Clear That The Allies Would Win The War. Web europe after world war i directions: Web after the great war: \*blank europe after world war ii map with questions for students to answer (2 pages) \*blank europe after world war ii map without questions (1 1/2 pages) \*coloring page for europe after world war ii (1 page) \*answer. 22 23 24 25 15 16 1. What's Included With The Print Versions: You can use this as guided notes, station work, homework, in an interactive notebook, and much more! There is a printable worksheet available for download here so you can take the quiz with pen and paper. Web at the end of world war ii, the western part of germany was occupied and controlled for a few years by u.s., british, and french forces. Web this is a free printable worksheet in pdf format and holds a printable version of the quiz world war ii map. Looking At The Two Maps Below, Answer The Following Questions. By printing out this quiz and taking it with pen and paper creates for a good variation to only playing it online. There are instruction sheets that go along with each. What two nations gained land that had been part of germany? Life in the japanese internment camps. Related Post: Comparing And Rounding Decimals Worksheet Rational Numbers On The Number Line Worksheet Empirical Formula Practice Worksheet Answer Key Estimating Square Roots Worksheet Race Practice Worksheets Answers Distributing And Combining Like Terms Worksheet The Triangle Inequality Theorem Worksheet Many areas of Europe were in ruins after WW II The photo below shows Berlin, the capital of Germany, immediately after World War II ended. Many other parts of Germany, plus large areas of Russia and some other countries were also in ruins after the war. Germany was split in two Germany was partitioned (divided) soon after World War II ended into two separate parts: West Germany and East Germany. At the end of World War II, the western part of Germany was occupied and controlled for a few years by U.S., British, and French forces. As soon as it was ready, West Germany was set up as an independent, democratic nation with its own government. The eastern part of Germany was occupied by the Soviet Union at the end of the war. It remained under their control when Germany was officially divided. The Soviet Union never allowed East Germany to form an independent or democratic government. Berlin, the capital of Germany, was itself divided into West Berlin (controlled by West Germany) and East Berlin (controlled by East Germany.) Rebuilding Europe: the Marshall Plan The U.S. government gave \$13 billion in money, food, and equipment to countries in Europe to help them rebuild after World War II. This program of help was called the Marshall Plan, named after a military leader from Virginia who helped develop and win support for the idea. The Marshall plan was part of the U.S. policy of containment - the effort to keep communism from spreading. U.S. leaders hoped that if the countries of Europe got back on their feet quickly, with a stable economy and a stable government, their citizens would not be tempted to join the system of communism. Below left: A poster urges the people of Europe to stick together and stay friends with the U.S. in the years after World War II. Below right: George C. Marshall, a military leader from Virginia who pushed for the plan to help rebuild Europe after the war. Europe divided: NATO and the Warsaw Pact The map below shows the war Europe was divided into two "camps" or groups by the mid-1950s. Nations that became military allies with the United States in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) are shown in green. The nations that became military allies with the Soviet Union in the Warsaw Pact are shown in red. (A pact is an agreement.) The Berlin Wall was built by East Germany In 1961 East Germany built a solid fence across the city of Berlin. Communist leaders of East Germany wanted to stop people from East Berlin (the communist side) who wanted to escape to West Berlin (the free side). This fence became known as the Berlin Wall. The photo below shows people are in West Berlin, looking across the barrier into East Berlin. East German soldiers would shoot anyone attempting to cross the wall. The wall was rebuilt over time with tall sections of concrete, shown below. The Berlin Wall became a very visible symbol of the tension and divisions of the Cold War era. The Berlin Wall was torn down in 1989 as people across Europe began openly defying communist leaders. The photo below shows a spot where crowds began to break down the concrete sections of the wall. East Germany abandoned the communist system, and Germany was reunited in 1990. In 1991, communism collapsed in the Soviet Union and the Soviet Union ceased to exist as a country. The 15 states that made up the former Soviet Union (including the largest, Russia) all became separate, independent countries. The countries shown in color in this 1994 map, plus Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia, were once states of the former Soviet Union. The George C. Marshall photo is from the Library of Congress. The color photo of the Berlin Wall and the poster image are courtesy Wikipedia. The photo of the Berlin Wall being torn down is from the U.S. Department of Defense. All maps except the Commonwealth of Independent States map are by David Burns. The Commonwealth of Independent States map is a U.S. C.I.A. map from 1994, and is in the public domain. Some images have been edited or resized for this page. Copyright Notice Copyright 2011, 2016 by David Burns. All rights reserved. As a guide to the Virginia Standards of Learning, some pages necessarily include phrases or sentences from that document, which is available online from the Virginia Department of Education. The author's copyright extends to the original text and graphics, unique design and layout, and related material. Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet Europe After World War 2 1945 Union of Soviet Socialist Republics USSR United Kingdom 11 Spanish Morocco Spain Morocco France France Tunisia Libya Great Britain and France Malta Great Britain Trans Jordan Great Britain Saudi Arabia Palestine Great Britain 1 Cyprus World War 2 and The Cold War Modern History Maps by Teachers Resource Force 34 7 00 Zip Get hold of this quality set of modern History maps for the late 20th Century including WW2 and The Cold War Product includes Europe after World War II that is colored to show the countries that were Soviet satellites 1946 1948 The World War 2 Map of Europe after 1946 By 1945 the tides had turned and the Axis Powers were defeated Germany Japan and Italy were occupied by the victorious United States Britain and France The European Union although not as we know it today began to take shape as the post war world order was established Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet Blank Map Of Europe After World War 2 London Top Attractions Map Map Of Europe After Ww2 Secretmuseum The division of Europe 2 The Soviet Union gained control over parts of Eastern Europe that Germany had captured during the war On your map of Europe locate the following countries and color them red a Albania and Bulgaria Occupied by USSR in 1944 communist controlled by 1948 b Czechoslovakia Communist controlled by 1948 c Hungary This online quiz is called Europe After WW2 Map Quiz It was created by member 3007012 and has 31 questions There is a printable worksheet available for download here so you can take the quiz with pen and paper Currently Most Played Mountain Ranges of Europe At the end of World War II the western part of Germany was occupied and controlled for a few years by U S British and French forces As soon as it was ready West Germany was set up as an independent democratic nation with its own government The eastern part of Germany was occupied by the Soviet Union at the end of the war About this Worksheet This is a free printable worksheet in PDF format and holds a printable version of the quiz Europe After WW2 Map Quiz By printing out this quiz and taking it with pen and paper creates for a good variation to only playing it online More picture related to Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet Europe After World War 1 Map Assignment Europe Before Ww2 Map Secretmuseum Pin On History Gal Description These two maps will help students become more familiar with Europe during and after the Cold War Students will identify nations that belonged to NATO the Warsaw Pact and which ones remained neutral In addition students will learn how the map of Europe changed after the Cold War ended What s Included with the Print Versions EUROPE BEFORE AND AFTER WWI PART 1 Color the maps after reading the specific directions given below 1 On both maps color each country which showed the same politically ex Norway in GREEN 2 Be sure to color those first 4 On both maps color the countries that stayed but their political boundaries changed ex Germany in RED 3 OBJECTIVE To review the major events in Europe during the years immediately following World War II TIME 1 class period Each class member is given a copy of pages 2A 2E Pages 2D and 2E are joined together to form a 2 page map along with a timeline The lesson contains a series of short reading sections each of which is followed by directions for completing the map exercise and or timeline Use the map on the front side to compare Europe before and after the war 1 List at least 5 countries that are different than the Europe Map 1914 2 List at least 5 countries that are the same 3 What is the Ottoman Empire now called 4 Is Germany bigger or smaller in this map 5 What happened to the Austria Hungary Empire 6 Pin On WORLD HISTORY EMPORIUM Pin Op Lesson Ideas For World History Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet - World War II Map of Europe Allied Powers Label and Color Great Britain France Soviet Union Turkey Axis Powers Label and Color Germany Italy Poland Austria Hungary Czechoslovakia Label the Bodies of Water Mediterranean Sea Black Sea What are Printable Templates? Printable templates have become an indispensable resource in today's digital age, offering a convenient and customizable way to create various documents and materials. Printable templates can save you time and effort if you're a student, professional, or simply looking to streamline your daily tasks. Printable templates are pre-designed documents you can customize and print to suit your needs. They come in various formats, including Word, Excel, PowerPoint, PDF, and more. Some popular types of printable templates include: Business templates: Resumes, cover letters, business cards, invoices, contracts, and proposals. Educational templates: Worksheets, lesson plans, quizzes, and certificates. Personal templates: Calendars, planners, organizers, labels, and party invitations. Creative templates: Flyers, posters, brochures, and social media graphics. Benefits of Using Printable Templates Using printable templates can bring numerous benefits to your daily life and work. Some of the most significant advantages include: Increased Productivity: Printable templates can help you save time and effort by providing a pre-designed layout that you can fill in with your own information. This can be especially useful for tasks that require repetitive formatting, such as creating invoices or reports. Improved Organization: Printable templates can help you stay organized by providing a structured format for your information. This can be especially useful for tasks such as creating schedules, to-do lists, or budgets. Enhanced Professionalism: Printable templates can help you create professional-looking documents and materials, even if you don't have extensive design experience. This can be especially useful for small businesses or individuals who want to create a professional image. Cost-Effective: Printable templates are often free or low-cost, making them a budget-friendly option for individuals and businesses. Applications of Printable Templates Printable templates can be used for a wide range of purposes, including: Business: Printable templates can be used to create business cards, brochures, invoices, reports, and other business-related documents. Education: Printable templates can be used to create lesson plans, worksheets, and other educational materials. Personal: Printable templates can be used to create schedules, to-do lists, budgets, and other personal organization tools. Creative Projects: Printable templates can be used to create art, crafts, and other creative projects. Tips for Creating and Using Printable Templates Here are some tips for creating and using printable templates effectively: Choose a Template that Suits Your Needs: Select a template that is specifically designed for your intended use. This will help you save time and ensure that your template is effective. Customize Your Template: Don't be afraid to customize your template to suit your individual needs. This can include adding your own logo, changing the layout, or modifying the content. Use High-Quality Images: Use high-quality images and graphics to make your template look professional and visually appealing. Proofread and Edit: Always proofread and edit your template before printing to ensure that it is error-free and looks professional. Printable templates are a powerful tool that can help you streamline your workflow, boost your productivity, and achieve your goals. By understanding the benefits and applications of printable templates, and following the tips outlined in this article, you can unlock the full potential of these versatile and customizable tools. Whether you're a business owner, student, or individual looking to stay organized, printable templates are an essential resource that can help you achieve success. Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet - This unique educational tool is tailored for history educators and students keen on understanding the profound transformations of the european landscape influenced by wwii. Dive into the transformative era that reshaped europe's political, economic, and cultural landscape. Study with quizlet and memorize flashcards containing terms like ireland, great britain, spain and more. Students will identify nations that belonged to nato, the warsaw pact, and which ones. Embark on a journey through time with our engaging europe after ww2 map worksheet! Dive deep into european history with this map activity, designed exclusively for the exploration of europe during and after world war ii. Europe after world war two (1945) iceland sweden sweden norway norway united kingdom north sea baltic sea denmark denmark 250 degree europe after world war 11 21. Students will identify nations that belonged to nato, the warsaw pact, and which ones. This is a free printable worksheet in pdf format and holds a printable version of the quiz europe after ww2 map. Key of europe, locate the following countries and color them blue. These two maps will help students become more familiar with europe during and after the cold war. Students will identify nations that belonged to nato, the warsaw pact, and which ones. Dive into the transformative era that reshaped europe's political, economic, and cultural landscape. Key of europe, locate the following countries and color them blue. Embark on a journey through time with our engaging europe after ww2 map worksheet! 250 degree europe after world war 11 21. Embark on a journey through time with our engaging europe after ww2 map worksheet! These two maps will help students become more familiar with europe during and after the cold war. You can use it as europe after ww2 map practice, completely free to play. There Is A Printable Worksheet Available For Download Here So You Can Take The Quiz With Pen And Paper. This is a free printable worksheet in pdf format and holds a printable version of the quiz europe after ww2 map. Dive into the transformative era that reshaped europe's political, economic, and cultural landscape. By printing out this quiz and taking it with pen and paper creates for a good variation to only playing it online. Students will identify nations that belonged to nato, the warsaw pact, and which ones. Key Of Europe, Locate The Following Countries And Color Them Blue: Europe after world war two (1945) iceland sweden sweden norway norway united kingdom north sea baltic sea denmark denmark 250 degree europe after world war 11 21. Embark on a journey through time with our engaging europe after ww2 map worksheet! These two maps will help students become more familiar with europe during and after world war ii. You can use it as europe after ww2 map practice, completely free to play. On Your Map Communist Rebels, Backed By The Ussr Trying To Take Over Greece And Turkey "Economic And Financial Aid" Aka Money To Provide A Stable Economy And Jobs Study with quizlet and memorize flashcards containing terms like ireland, great britain, spain and more. Home / All / Cold War Map Activity (Print and Download) Europe After Ww2 Map Worksheet Europe After World War 1 Map Assignment Europe Before Ww2 Map Secretmuseum Pin On History Gal Description These two maps will help students become more familiar with Europe during and after the Cold War. Students will identify nations that belonged to NATO, the Warsaw Pact, and which ones remained neutral. In addition students will learn how the map of Europe changed after the Cold War ended. What's Included with the Print Versions: \*Blank Europe After World War II map with questions for students to answer (2 pages) \*Blank Europe After World War II map without questions (1 1/2 pages) \*Coloring Page for Europe After World War II (1 page) \*Answer key for Europe After World War 2 map (2 pages) \*Animated PowerPoint shows each location and the key - perfect for classrooms without textbooks or Internet access (31 slides, each slide guides students through completing the map) \*Blank Europe After the Cold War map with questions for students to answer (2 pages) \*Blank Europe After the Cold War map without questions for students to answer (1 1/2 pages) \*Coloring Page for Europe After the Cold War (1 page) \*Answer key for Europe After the Cold War (2 pages) \*Animated PowerPoint shows each location and the key - perfect for classrooms without textbooks or Internet access 43 slides, each slide guides students through completing the map) What's included with the Digital Versions: \*Europe After World War II and Europe After Cold War for students to label (Slide 1 students will drag labels to the correct spot on the map; Optional Slide 2 includes questions for students to answer; PowerPoint & Google Slides versions; not editable) \*Online Map lets students test their knowledge of locations in Europe (Internet connection is required to access, works on all browsers and with all devices, no account and no logins required, self-checking) \*\*\*This is included in the following larger unit bundles: \* U.S. History from 1877 Map Activities Bundle \* U.S. History Map Activities Bundle \* U.S. History to 1877 Bundle \* U.S. History 1877 to Present Bundle \* U.S. History Mega Bundle: Exploration to Present Questions? Check out the FAQs. Copyright © History Gal. All rights reserved by author. Personal classroom use only. Only logged in customers who have purchased this product may leave a review. With a curriculum as expansive as some historical ones are, we often sleep through talking about matters of geography. We might show a map in passing or glance over it when it's relevant, but we are truly doing our students a disservice by not digging deeper, especially when looking at the World War 2 Map of Europe. You see, so many today have no idea how to read a map! Truly...with the invention of the GPS, it is much easier to just have turn-by-turn directions given to you (I'm just as guilty as the next person). However, studying maps in a historical sense is so much more than that. Understanding borders, territories, and changes over generations allows so much to make more sense, understanding why certain groups clash or even why we are having some issues today in the world. Early on in my history teacher career, I realized something pretty profound... You can discuss the history of any conflict at length...but if your students don't have a concrete idea of where you're talking about, some of the information will be lost in translation. It's no secret that World War Two changed the landscape of many parts of the globe. To think that there are boundaries that were forever changed and some places that no longer exist as they did in 1939 is mind-blowing for some students. When looking at a World War 2 Map of Europe, it is important to fully understand the long-term implications of the changing of borders and the correlation with the change of power. The World War 2 Map of Europe is a mosaic of multiple regional wars that were interconnected through alliances, betrayal, and conquest. Understanding how the world was redrawn is key to understanding the power structures that exist today. The distinct border changes of the World War 2 Map of Europe show not just the changing fortunes of war but also the shifting alliances that have constantly been reshuffled. When looking at a map of Europe during World War 2, it's easy to see how it was incredibly fluid with constantly moving borders based on the temporary ceasefire lines drawn at the end of each conflict. 1939 - 1945: The World War 2 Map of Europe in 1939 and 1945 At the beginning of World War 2, the Axis Powers, including Nazi Germany and Japan, posed a formidable threat to the world. Their aggression had already led to the invasion of Poland and the surprise attack on Pearl Harbor, drawing the United States into the conflict. Adolf Hitler's Nazi Germany controlled a significant part of Western Europe, while the Soviet Union and the Western Allies, led by the United States and Great Britain under the leadership of British Prime Minister Winston Churchill, opposed the Axis forces. In North Africa, there were major battles between the Axis Powers and the Western Allies. The Axis control extended into Northern Africa, but their advances were gradually halted. The Maginot Line, a series of fortifications built by France, became a symbol of the defensive strategies employed during the early stages of the war. 1946 - 1948: The World War 2 Map of Europe after 1946 By 1945, the tides had turned, and the Axis Powers were defeated. Germany, Japan, and Italy were occupied by the victorious United States, Britain, and France. The Marshall Plan was introduced to aid in the reconstruction of Europe, and the European Union, although not as we know it today, began to take shape as the post-war world order was established. Neutral countries played a significant role in the reconstruction efforts in the aftermath of the war. 1945 - 1948: The Berlin Blockade & Airlift In 1949, Germany was officially divided into West Germany and the German Democratic Republic (East Germany), a reflection of the broader divisions in Europe during the post-war period. The "Iron Curtain" descended, separating East from West, and the Soviet Union maintained control over Eastern Europe. The Berlin Blockade and subsequent Airlift demonstrated the stark differences in life on either side of this ideological and physical divide. 1948 - 1989: The Post-War World Map of Europe Stalin's blockade of West Berlin led to a massive Airlift, symbolizing the resolve of the Western Allies to stand firm against Soviet influence. The Airlift ensured the supply of food and essential goods to the beleaguered population in West Berlin. The post-war era saw the emergence of the United Nations as a forum for international cooperation and conflict resolution, reflecting the new world order. The Cold War tensions between the Soviet Union and the United States and its Western allies loomed large, shaping global politics for decades. Though students may understand this in theory, it is easier to comprehend visually. Since most of us obviously don't have the luxury of taking a field trip all over Europe, we can help our students in tow each year, it is important to find a way to do this that will be effective and easily implemented in the classroom. This World War 2 map of Europe activity does just that. It is a great activity for high school students, middle school students, and homeschoolers, and can be adapted for Google Docs, Google Classroom, or Google Drive to facilitate digital learning. The activity includes images of the maps sourced from Wikimedia Commons, a freely licensed media file repository, and provides an invaluable description page of the general mapping situation during and after the war. Understanding the geographic changes and movements of World War 2 is critical in grasping the scale and impact of the conflict. By using maps, students can better visualize the expansion of Axis-controlled territories, the shifting borders due to invasions and counterattacks, and the ultimate post-war territorial realignments. This hands-on activity allows students to engage with primary source materials and explore how Europe was reshaped by the war. This activity has several variations that will help you either break down the information easier for your students or readily differentiate for them. There are two distinct maps in this World War 2 map of Europe activity. One is from during the war and the other is Post-WWII. Each map has different versions to pick from. The "during" World War 2 map (Europe) breaks down the occupation of the continent by Germany, USSR, Italy, and Neutrality. There is a map version with each country labeled and one that is not, depending on the depth you want to achieve. There are instruction sheets that go along with each. One breaks down the countries by the occupation categories, one just lists the countries in alphabetical order, and yet another asks for the dates the occupied countries were taken. There is a key in all of the above to color code for visualization. The "post" World War 2 map (Europe) shows the change of borders and also "zooms" in on Berlin to see the change there as well. This map also has a pre-labeled and blank version with the color-coding key. When all is said and done, there is a comprehension question sheet that compares the two and also helps to foreshadow the Cold War via interpretation of geographical challenges that may be faced given the new borders. This activity is perfect for every level of student who is learning about World War Two. The differentiated levels go from basic to complex and can still be adapted further by the teacher. When the correct map is picked in regards to student level and achievement, they really enjoy working on this. It combines a challenge in researching the correct answers and also a fun, more laid-back feel as there is a color-coding element. This activity can be executed in a variety of ways, depending on available classroom technology and the specific needs of students. Here are several methods for incorporating the World War 2 map activity into your curriculum: 1. Traditional Print-Based Activity For classrooms without access to digital devices, printed maps can be distributed to students. Teachers can provide different versions of maps that depict Europe at key points in the war—such as 1939, 1942, and 1945. Students can annotate these maps using colored pencils or markers to indicate territorial changes, key battles, and alliances. To reinforce learning, students can work in pairs or small groups to analyze the maps and answer discussion questions such as: How did Germany's territorial control change over time? What role did natural barriers such as rivers and mountains play in military strategy? How did the division of Europe after the war influence the Cold War? 2. Digital Adaptation for Google Classroom For schools that use Google Classroom, this activity can be easily adapted into an interactive assignment. The teacher can upload map images into Google Slides or Google Docs and create a template where students can label territories, mark battle locations, and color-code alliances. Students can then submit their completed maps digitally, allowing for an easier review process. Additionally, teachers can create quizzes using Google Forms to assess students' understanding of how borders and territories changed throughout the war. 3. Inquiry-Based Learning and Research Component To extend the activity, students can conduct research on specific regions and the impact of border changes on local populations. Assignments might include: Examining primary sources such as letters, government documents, and photographs to understand civilian experiences. Creating a presentation on how the war's conclusion led to the formation of NATO and the Warsaw Pact. Investigating the role of propaganda maps and how they influenced public perception during the war. By integrating historical analysis with map interpretation, students can develop a deeper understanding of the war's complexity. They will not only grasp the movements of armies and shifting borders but also the social and political ramifications of those changes. Again, it is important that we are still teaching our students about maps in the classroom. We live in an era of GPS and it is vital that our children still read maps. As a matter of fact, the Washington Post had an eye-opening article about the use of GPS devices and the decline in hippocampus development. To quote: "In a study published in Nature Communications in 2017, researchers asked subjects to navigate a virtual simulation of London's Soho neighborhood and monitored their brain activity, specifically the hippocampus, which is integral to spatial navigation. Those who were guided by directions showed less activity in this part of the brain than participants who navigated without the device. "The hippocampus makes an internal map of the environment and this map becomes active only when you are engaged in navigating and not using GPS," Amir-Homayoun Javadi, one of the study's authors, told me. The hippocampus is crucial to many aspects of daily life. It allows us to orient in space and know where we are by creating cognitive maps. It also allows us to recall events from the past, what is known as episodic memory. And, remarkably, it is the part of the brain that neuroscientists believe gives us the ability to imagine ourselves in the future." O'Connor, M.R. "Ditch the GPS. It's Ruining Your Brain." The Washington Post, 5 June 2019, www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/ditch-the-gps-its-ruining-your-brain/2019/06/05/29a3170e-87af-11e9-98c1-e945ae5db8ff\_story.html. So in the end, this activity helps our students two-fold. It gives them visually understand the landscape of pre and post-World War II Europe and also helps brain development by understanding a map. Every little bit counts! If you're interested, please check out the World War Two Map of Europe During and After the War. This article was originally published on February 7, 2020